

THE 1932 MEETING OF THE AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

QUEBEC AND THE MARITIMES.

QUEBEC and the Maritime Provinces, the former renowned for its historic interest and old-time customs, are famous for their natural beauty. Thousands of miles of good roads provide ideal conditions for the motor tourist.

Of the many attractions which Quebec holds for the visitor, one of the most interesting is the atmosphere of Old France, which permeates the whole province. The manners, customs and language of the people, their quaint white-washed houses, narrow fields, monasteries and wayside shrines, stir the imagination, as can no other section of America.

Prince Edward Island, the smallest province of the Maritimes, also the whole Dominion, is easily accessible, despite its apparent isolation. Car and passenger ferries maintain regular service, and the trip from the mainland to the island can be made in short time.

Nova Scotia is the most easterly province of Canada and it is connected with New Brunswick, to the west, by an isthmus of only fifteen miles in width. Good motor roads through New Brunswick connect Nova Scotia with the New England States, thereby making the province easily accessible to the American motorist.

Millions of acres of land in the eastern provinces, with lakes and rivers that are well stocked with fish, are open to everyone. Salmon, ouananiche, brook trout, lake trout, bass, maskinonge, pike and pickerel are plentiful in certain sections.

For the benefit of members of the AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION who will attend the convention at Toronto and propose to make the trip by automobile through Quebec or the Maritime Provinces attention is drawn to the fact that the National Development Bureau of the Department of the Interior, at Ottawa, has offered to coöperate in the supplying of road maps and other useful information to enquirers.—Address F. C. C. Lynch, Director.